

4.1

Om man knuffar horisontellt en gång per period så är löse B bäst eftersom det är då gungans hastighet är horisontell.

4.2

$$S_1 = 4 \sin(2\pi(0,2x - 3t))$$

$$S_1 = 4 \sin(0,4\pi x - 6\pi t)$$

$$S_2 = \frac{5}{2} \sin(7x + 3,5t)$$

a) $f = \frac{1}{T} = \omega = 2\pi \cdot f$

$\omega = 6\pi \rightarrow f = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} = \frac{6\pi}{2\pi} = 3 \text{ Hz}$

frekvensen för

$$\begin{matrix} S_1 = 3 \text{ Hz} \\ S_2 = \frac{3,5}{2\pi} \text{ Hz} \end{matrix}$$

b) $k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k}$

$S_1: \lambda = \frac{2\pi}{0,4\pi} = 5 \text{ m}$

$S_2: \lambda = \frac{2\pi}{7}$

c) Perioden

$$T = \frac{1}{f} \quad s_1: T = \frac{1}{3} \approx \boxed{0,33}$$

$$s_2: T = \frac{1}{\frac{3,5}{2,5}} = \frac{2,5}{3,5} \approx \boxed{1,8}$$

$$d) \quad s_1: \boxed{A=4} \quad s_2: A = \frac{1}{2,5} = \boxed{0,4}$$

$$e) \quad v = f \lambda \Leftrightarrow$$

$$s_1: v = 3 \cdot 5 = \boxed{15}$$

$$s_2: v = \frac{3,5}{2,5} \cdot \frac{2,5}{7} \approx \boxed{0,5}$$

f) s_1 rör sig åt höger.

s_2 ——— || ——— vänster.

4.3

$$P = 1000 \text{ W}$$

$$A = 0,04 \text{ m}^2$$

$$f = 2,45 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Hz}$$

$$v = c = 3 \cdot 10^8$$

~~$P = \frac{E}{t}$~~

$$P = \frac{E}{t}$$

a)

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \boxed{12,3 \text{ cm}}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f} = \boxed{41 \text{ ns}}$$

b)

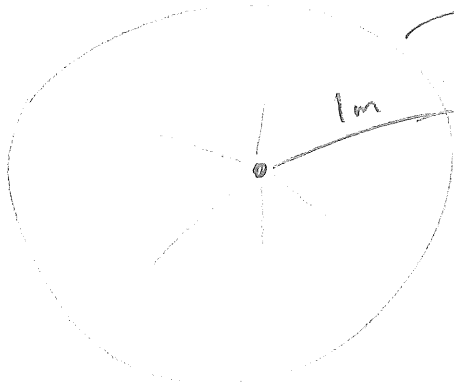
$$E_c = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{1000}{0,04} = 4000000 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$E_0 = \left(\frac{2 E_c}{\epsilon_0 c} \right)^{1/2} = \left(\frac{2 \cdot 4000000}{\epsilon_0 c} \right)^{1/2} =$$

4.4

~~4.4~~

a) $P = 100 \text{ W}$ i loft



Arean av ett klot = ~~$4\pi r^2$~~ = $4\pi r^2 = 451$

$$I = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{100}{451} = \boxed{7,96 \text{ W/m}^2}$$

$$b) E = \left(\frac{2I}{\epsilon_0 c} \right)^{1/2} = \boxed{77,4}$$

$$B = \frac{E}{c} = \boxed{2,6 \cdot 10^{-7}}$$

4.5

$$I = 1,40 \pm 0,06 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$E_{\max} = \left(\frac{2I}{\epsilon_0 c}\right)^{1/2} = 33,17$$
$$E_{\min} = \left(\frac{2I}{\epsilon_0 c}\right)^{1/2} = 31,78$$

$$E = 32,5 \pm 0,7$$

4.6

a) c) och d) eftersom de beror på x och vt , se s. 133.

4.7

$$s = A \sin\left(2\pi\left(\frac{t}{T} \pm \frac{x}{\lambda}\right) + \alpha\right)$$

$$\lambda = 3,4$$

$$x = 0 \Rightarrow s = A \sin\left(2\pi\frac{t}{T} + \alpha\right)$$

$$A = 3$$

$$\sin(\cdot) = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = -2\pi\frac{t}{T} = 0^{+n\pi}$$

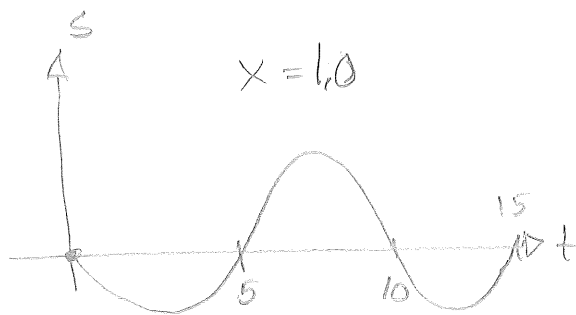
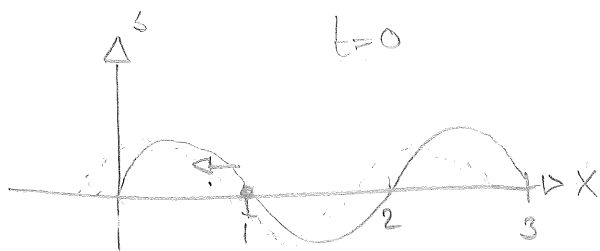
$$\alpha = 0$$

~~$A = 3 \sin\left(2\pi\left(\frac{t}{10} \pm \frac{x}{3,4}\right) + 0\right)$~~

$$T = 10$$

4.8

$$s(x,t) = A \sin\left(2\pi\left(\frac{t}{T} \pm \frac{x}{\lambda}\right) + \alpha\right)$$



$$\alpha = 0 \quad \lambda = 2 \quad T = 10 \quad A = A$$

$$s(x,t) = A \sin\left[2\pi\left(\frac{t}{10} \pm \frac{x}{2}\right)\right]$$

Hitta samma punkt (x),
gå lite fram i tiden
på högra grafen. ~~jämför~~

Vänster

4.9

a)

$$A = 0,15$$

$$\lambda = 6$$

$$T = 22$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\dot{s}_t = A \cdot 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{T} \cos(\quad)$$

$$b) \quad v = \lambda \cdot f = \lambda \cdot \frac{1}{T} = \frac{6}{22} = \boxed{0,27}$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = \omega A = 2\pi f \cdot A = 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{T} \cdot A = \boxed{0,043}$$

4.10

$$\lambda = 5$$

$$T = 2$$

$$\alpha = \pi$$

$$A = 4$$

vågen rör sig åt vänster, $-x$ riktn.

$$s = 4 \sin\left(2\pi\left(\frac{t}{2} + \frac{x}{5}\right) + \pi\right)$$

$t=0 \Rightarrow s = 4 \sin\left(2\pi \cdot \frac{x}{5} + \pi\right)$

